# **CREATIVE** MONUMENTAL SATION SCAT MPET CLAR JO PIANO B YFUL EXUBERAN TROMBONE DR ASTERFUL **NG UNINHIBITED RE** EXCITEMENT **OVATIVE ARTISTIC**

On this recording, Wynton Marsalis addresses some of the most influential. vet often overlooked. repertoire in jazz history: Louis Armstrong's mid to late 1920s recordings. Among the areat ironies in music is that Armstrong remains among the best-known entertainers in the world for lighter. less jazz-based, mainly vocal songs, like "Hello Dolly" and "What a Wonderful World" recorded in the 1960s. Less known among the general public is when Armstrong was at the height of his youthful creative powers and recorded over four dozen songs with his recording groups under "Louis Armstrong's Hot 5 or Hot 7" between 1925 and 1928.

Armstrong and his musicians demonstrated excellent New Orleansstyle ensemble playing on these monumental songs and forged new directions and possibilities for jazz improvisation that opened the door for future players, composers, arrangers, and styles. Despite the great solo and ensemble work of the other players like clarinetist Johnny Dodds and trombonist Edward "Kid" Ory, Armstrong rises above to display a previously unheard level of phrasing, swinging rhythms, tonal variety, and deep feeling that firmly place the emphasis of jazz on extended creative solo improvisation. In addition to pointing the direction of jazz towards improvised solos, Armstrong also influenced later jazz and popular music singers with his off-beat vocal phrasing and his uses of wordless vocals known as "scat singing."

The fourteen selections here are from live concerts called "Wynton and Louis Armstrong's Hot 5s," performed at Jazz at Lincoln Center's Rose Hall between September 28 and 30, 2006. The repertoire included several better-known Hot 5 and 7 classics, like "Cornet Chop Suey" and "Potato Head Blues," and a couple of songs that Armstrong made traditional jazz band standards, "Basin Street Blues" and "St. James Infirmary." Rather than faithfully copying Armstrong's classic recordings note for note or using the same arrangements, Marsalis wisely chose to do *like* Armstrong did and not exactly *what* he did. While Armstrong's Hot 7 had the typical New Orleans jazz band instrumentation, with trumpet, clarinet trombone, banjo, piano, bass, and drums. The Hot 5 recorded without bass or drums, Marsalis uses nine musicians to great effect.

The ensemble breathes new life and meaning into the Armstrong songs through expanded roles for each of the technically competent musicians. Breaks. additional solos. added introductions and endings, and innovative vocals add to the artistic range and enjoyment of Armstrong's classics. Appropriately, the concert audiences respond enthusiastically to the new and creative explorations of horn players, like trombonist Vincent Gardner, clarinetist Victor Goines, and saxophonist Walter Blanding. In addition to performing ably on the trombone and tuba, Wycliff Gordon

expands the scat style vocal that Armstrong originally popularized on "Heebie Jeebies." With Don Vappie on banjo, bassist Carlos Enriquez, and drummer Ali Jackson, the rhythm section lays down a steady traditional swinging foundation on several songs. On others, the rhythm moves toward a more modern jazz conception. A pleasant contributor to the rhythm section's exciting drive is a young Jonathan Batiste, who delivers creative piano solos and a driving stride style with complete mastery and joyful exuberance.

In the same way that Louis Armstrong dominated on the original Hot 5 and 7 recordings, Wynton Marsalis rises above the ensemble with solid lead lines, masterful melodic creativity, hotter than hot breaks, and expansive solos to make this a trumpeter's recording. Like Armstrong, Marsalis is a preacher presiding over the proceedings with a powerful, authoritative voice and deep blues feeling. By "doing *like* Armstrong," Marsalis leads the ensemble with his own compelling "singing" trumpet tone and technically expansive phrasing that extends and respectfully updates Armstrong's 1920s style while avoiding bland imitation. Marsalis leads this ensemble with a joy and spirit that is not above adding a few playful vocals and tonal variances.

The musicians on this recording have more than ably met the challenge of creating a valid, swinging, and artistically sound approach to early jazz in a way that is both respectful and uninhibitedly creative. On these recordings, Wynton Marsalis proves that no one is better to continue along and expand the great musical path forged by his trumpet king and fellow New Orleanian predecessor, Louis Armstrong. Marsalis and his musicians performed this tribute to the early jazz master with fire, taste, creative expansion, excitement, and swing that would make Armstrong proud.

-Dr. Michael White



# **MARSALIS LEADS THIS ENSEMBLE** WITH A JOY AND SPIRIT THAT IS NOT ABOVE **ADDING A FEW PLAYFUL VOCALS** AND TONAL VARIANCES.

#### **1. POTATO HEAD BLUES**

**СОМРОЅЕД BY** Louis Armstrong Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP)

TRANSCRIPTION BY Don Vappie, edited by Chuck Israels

2. TWELFTH STREET RAG COMPOSED BY Euday L. Bowman

TRANSCRIPTION BY Dan Block

**3. SKID-DAT-DE-DAT** COMPOSED BY Lil Hardin Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP) TRANSCRIPTION BY Daniel Nielsen

**4. JAZZ LIPS** COMPOSED BY Lil Hardin and Louis Armstrong Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP) TRANSCRIPTION BY Wycliffe Gordon

#### 5. ST. JAMES INFIRMARY TRADITIONAL

TRANSCRIPTION BY Randy Sandke

6. WEARY BLUES COMPOSED BY Artie Matthews TRANSCRIPTION BY Tom Roberts

#### **7. MELANCHOLY BLUES**

**сомрозер ву** Walter Melrose and Marty Bloom

TRANSCRIPTION BY Brad Shigeta

8. HEEBIE JEEBIES COMPOSED BY Boyd Atkins Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP) TRANSCRIPTION BY Rob Bargad

9. ONCE IN A WHILE COMPOSED BY William H Butler Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP) TRANSCRIPTION BY Dan Block

10. ORY'S CREOLE TROMBONE COMPOSED BY Edward "Kid" Ory TRANSCRIPTION BY Don Vappie **11. BASIN STREET BLUES** 

**сомрозер ву** Spencer Williams Edwin H Morris and Co. Inc. (ASCAP)

TRANSCRIPTION BY Edward Anderson

## 12. SAVOY BLUES COMPOSED BY Edward "Kid" Ory Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP)

TRANSCRIPTION BY Vincent Gardner

### **13. CORNET CHOP SUEY**

**СОМРОЅЕД ВУ** Louis Armstrong Universal Music Corp. (ASCAP)

TRANSCRIPTION BY Randy Sandke

14. FIREWORKS COMPOSED BY Spencer Williams Edwin H Morris and Co. Inc. (ASCAP) TRANSCRIPTION BY Don Vappie

8

WYNTON MARSALIS Trumpet & Vocals

WYCLIFFE GORDON Tuba, Trombone, Bass & Vocals

VINCENT GARDNER Trombone

VICTOR GOINES Clarinet

WALTER BLANDING Tenor & Soprano Saxophones

**"PAPA" DON VAPPIE** Banjo & Guitar

**JONATHAN BATISTE** Piano

CARLOS HENRIQUEZ Bass

ALI JACKSON Drums

#### EXECUTIVE PRODUCER WYNTON MARSALIS

MASTERED BY Mark Wilder at Battery Studios, NYC 2021

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**RECORDING ASSISTANT** Jeff Rothman

MIXING ENGINEER Todd Whitelock at Amplified Art and Sound

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RECORDED LIVE ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AT JAZZ AT LINCOLN CENTER'S FREDERICK P. ROSE HALL.

Leadership support for Blue Engine Records is provided in part by the Arnhold Family and Jay Pritzker Foundation.

Generous support is provided by Helen and Robert Appel, Diana and Joseph DiMenna, Leonard and Louise Riggio, and Lisa Schiff.

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